

MSP Billing: Prevention Incentive

Quick Reference Guide

This short guide will provide you with key information on how to optimize your prevention incentive that is due for submission by December 31 every year.

Challenge	DoctorCare Best Practices and Recommendations
What is the prevention incentive?	The Personal Health Risk Assessment (14066) is the prevention incentive fee code that is payable to the family physician who is most responsible for the majority of the patient's longitudinal primary care.
	Physician must undertake a Personal Health Risk Assessment with a patient in one or more of the target populations: Obese Tobacco use Physically inactive Unhealthy eating
	This code is valued at \$52.54 and can only be submitted once per calendar year per patient to a maximum of 100 patients per calendar year per physician.
Are there any other requirements?	 14066 is only payable to MRP Family Physicians who have submitted 14070 or 14071. The Health Risk Assessment is no longer required to be in-person and can be provided via Telehealth.
What are the patient requirements?	Patients must be living at home or in assisted living. Patients in Acute and Long Term Care Facilities are not eligible.
How do I submit the prevention incentive?	You must submit 14066 with one of the following diagnostic codes: Tobacco use/Smoking (786), Unhealthy Eating (783), Physical Inactivity (785), Medical Obesity (783), At Risk for Substance Use Disorder (V82). A visit code can be billed in addition to 14066 but for an unrelated reason (different diagnostic code).
Are there any restrictions on submissions?	 Fee codes 14033, 14043, 14063, 14002, 14076 and 14078 are not payable on the same day for the same patient. Not payable to physicians working under Alternative Payment/Funding model whose duties would otherwise include provision of this service. Not meant to be used for the same patients on an annual basis. However, if a repeat risk assessment is required, you can bill the prevention fee.